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It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to use, or to cause or permit to be used, any such washrack, or to wash, or to cause or permit to be washed, any vehicle or horse thereupon unless such washrack is constructed and connected as required by this section.

Privies and Cesspools—Location and Maintenance—Disposal of Contents. (Ord. 30619, Aug. 13, 1914.)

SEC. 58. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to construct or maintain any privy within less than 4 feet of any property line, or within less than 10 feet of any residence or dwelling house, sidewalk, or storm drain; and it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to construct or maintain any privy unless the same shall be provided with a vault or well not less than 8 feet deep.

SEC. 59. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation owning, leasing, acting as agent for or occupying any lot or premises to permit any privy well or vault upon such lot or premises to become filled to a point within 2 feet of the top of such well or vault, or to fail, refuse, or neglect to disinfect such well or vault whenever same shall become foul or offensive.

SEC. 60. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to maintain or use, or cause or permit to be maintained or used, or to cause or permit to exist any privy vault, well, or cesspool on any premises in the city of Los Angeles where a public sewer exists and is in use in any street or alley on which the property abuts.

SEC. 61. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to fail, refuse, or neglect to disinfect and fill with noncombustible matter, or fresh earth, to the satisfaction of the health commissioner, any privy vault or cesspool existing on any premises where the plumbing and house drainage of said premises have been connected to an accepted sewer. For the purpose of this section the word "cesspool" is hereby defined to mean any vault, well, tank, or other receptacle which has been used for the reception of house drainage or human excrement.

This section shall include all cesspools, vaults, or wells existing prior to the enactment of this ordinance.

SEC. 62. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to cause or permit the contents, or any part thereof, of any privy vault, cesspool, water closet, urinal, or of any other sink or cistern containing any nightsoil, slop water, or other filthy water, matter, or substance, to flow, discharge, or be deposited upon the surface of any premises or of any public street or other public place, or into any storm drain.

SEC. 63. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to deposit, or to cause or permit to be deposited, in any water closet, privy vault, or cesspool any dead animal, offal, or garbage or to cause or permit to be deposited any solid substance in any public sewer, manhole, or flush tank.

SEC. 64. It shall be unlawful for any person to clean any yard or premises, or to empty any privy vault, cesspool, or sink, in such a manner as to offend the sensibilities of residents of the city, or to burn or dispose of any offensive or obnoxious substances in any manner that may be prejudicial to health or offensive to the sensibilities of the residents of said city.

Buildings and Premises—Sanitary Regulation. (Ord. 30619, Aug. 13, 1914.)

SEC. 65. No person shall erect or construct any residence or dwelling upon any lot or ground which has not been thoroughly drained and all manure and other decaying matter or substance removed therefrom.

SEC. 66. Every cellar or basement in any dwelling or residence shall be kept thoroughly drained and ventilated.

SEC. 67. No person shall knowingly cause or permit any person to sleep in any cellar, basement, or any place dangerous or prejudicial to life and health.

SEC. 68. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation owning, leasing, or occupying any building or any part thereof, which is used or intended to be used as a

factory, workshop, store, or other mercantile establishment, to fail, refuse, or neglect to provide or cause to be provided, within reasonable access, a sufficient number of water-closets for the use of the person or persons employed therein.

SEC. 69. The owner, lessee, agent, or manager of any store, factory, workshop, or other structure or place of employment shall provide not less than 500 cubic feet of air space for every person engaged therein; and all such stores, factories, workshops, or other structures or places shall be provided with such means of ventilation that a complete change of air may be made therein once in every 30 minutes.

SEC. 70. Whenever any building or any part thereof in the city of Los Angeles is infected with any contagious or infectious disease, or by want of repair has become dangerous to life or is unfit for human habitation because of defects in drainage, plumbing, ventilation, or construction of the same, or because of the existence of a nuisance on the premises, which is likely to cause sickness among the occupants thereof, the said health commissioner may issue an order requiring all persons therein to vacate said building or any part thereof, for the reasons stated in said notice. The health commissioner shall cause every such order to be affixed conspicuously in the building or part thereof, and to be personally served on the owner, lessee, agent, occupant, or any person having charge or control thereof. If the owner, lessee, or agent can not be found in the city of Los Angeles or does not reside therein, or evades or resists service, then such order may be served by depositing a copy thereof in the post office in the city of Los Angeles, postage prepaid, properly inclosed and addressed to such owner, lessee, or agent at his last known place of business or residence. Every such building or part thereof shall within 10 days after such order shall have been posted or mailed, as aforesaid, or within such shorter time, not less than 24 hours, as may be specified in any such order, be vacated: *Provided, however,* Said health commissioner may revoke any such order whenever he shall become satisfied that the danger from said building or any part thereof has ceased to exist, or that said building has been repaired and rendered fit for habitation.

Medicines—Distribution of Samples Prohibited. (Ord. 30619, Aug. 13, 1914.)

SEC. 71. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to distribute, or to cause or permit to be distributed, to or among pedestrians, or to throw, leave, or place, or to cause or permit to be thrown, left, or placed, in or upon any car, vehicle, or other conveyance, or in, along, and upon any public street or other public place, or in or upon any private building or premises, or to deliver to or leave with, or to cause or permit to be delivered to or left with, any child under the age of 15 years, except by a regularly licensed physician or surgeon, or a regularly licensed pharmacist or pharmacist's assistant, or the parents or guardian of any such child, any drug, physic, or medicine, or any sample thereof.

Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, and Peddlers of Medicines—Registration of. (Ord. 30619, Aug. 13, 1914.)

SEC. 72. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or peddle from house to house, or in or upon any public street or other public place, any medicine or drug unless such person shall have first registered his name and address in the office of the health department and shall have furnished the said health commissioner with a sample and a formula of such medicine or drug, and shall have received a permit in writing from the health commissioner to sell or peddle the same: *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this section shall not apply to traveling salesmen dealing directly with physicians, surgeons, dentists, or druggists doing business in the city of Los Angeles. Each such permit and each such registration shall expire one year from and after the date thereof, unless sooner revoked by the health commissioner.

SEC. 73. It shall be unlawful for any person to practice medicine, surgery, or dentistry in the city of Los Angeles unless such person is registered in the office of the